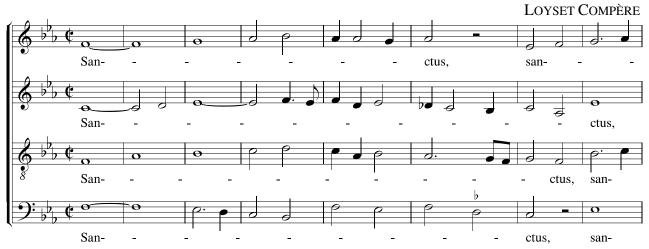
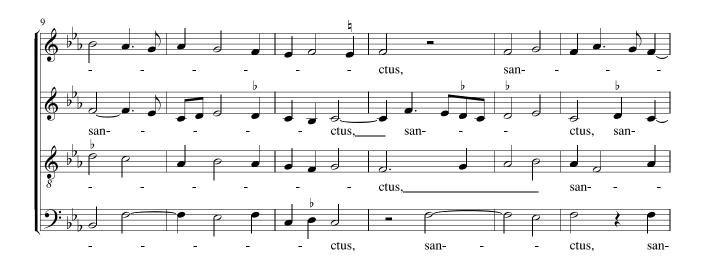
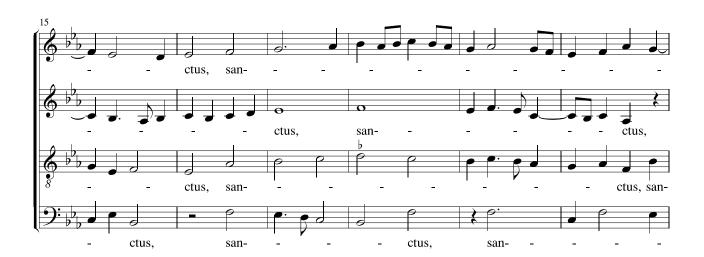


Sanctus — O sapientia







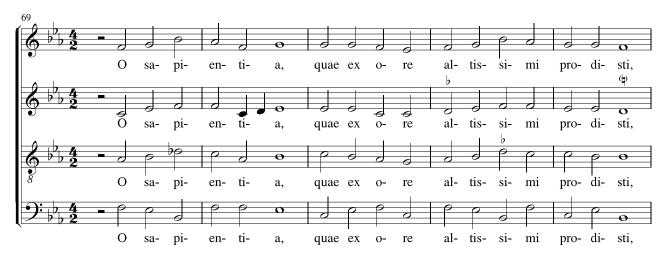
For notes and translation, see page 4.

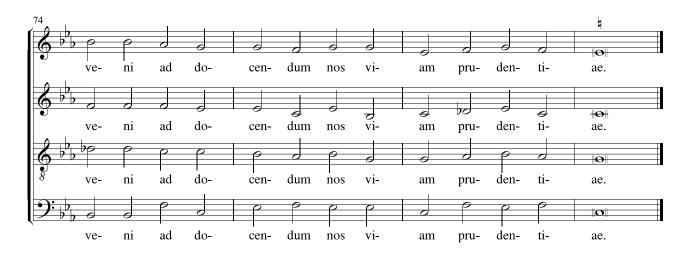




(*) See notes on page 4. If omitting O sapientia, use 1^{st} ending.







Sources: MS 2268 (Librone 2), MS 2266 (Librone 4), Archivo della Veneranda Fabbrica del Duomo, Sezione Musicale, Milan Note values halved (to bar 68). Transposed down a tone.

In the source, the section from bar 69 is notated in breves, all marked with a fermata.

Text: The section from bar 69 is based on the Advent antiphon for 17th December.

Translation:

Holy, holy, Lord Gord of Hosts. Heaven and earth are full of your glory. Hosanna in the highest. O wisdom, which came forth from the mouth of the most high, come to teach us the way of prudence.

Lynn Halpern Ward (*The "Motetti Missales" Repertory Reconsidered*, Journal of the American Musicological Society, Vol. 39, No. 3 - Autumn 1986) has suggested that this piece may be part of a *motetti musicali* cycle: a Milanese practice of substituting the movements of a mass with motets. In some of the known *motetti musicali* cycles, the *Sanctus* is the one regular mass movement which remains, and it is followed (as here) by a simple homophonic piece, to be performed at the Elevation. In its two sources, this piece is grouped with other motets from this conjectural cycle: In Librone 2, it includes *O sapientia* (i.e. the 2nd ending) and there is a clear indication that it should be followed by the next piece, *Ave virgo gloriosa*, which provides the final resolution; in the fire-damaged Librone 4, it uses the 1st ending, omitting *O sapientia*, and appears *between O admirabile commercium* and *Suscipe verbum*. Whether or not all the components of Ward's proposed cycle were ever performed as a unit, it seems likely that they were used in the groupings in which they appear in the Libroni.