

Tota Pulchra Es

Edited by David Millard

Claudin de Sermisy (1490–1562)

Superius Contratenor Tenor Bassus

To - ta pul - chra es, a - mi - ca me -

To - ta pul - chra es, a -

To - - - - -

To - - - - -

8

amicame - - - a,

mi - ca me - - - a,

To - ta pul - chra es, a - mi-ca me-

To - ta pul - chra es,

16

et ma-cu - la, et ma-cu - la

a - mi - ca me - - - a, et ma-cu - la nonest in -

- - - a, et ma-cu - la, et ma-cu - la, et ma-cu -

ct ma-cu - la, a, ct ma-cu - la,

24

non_est in te. Ve - ni de
la non est in te. Ve - ni de Li
et ma-cu - la non est in te.

32

Li - ba - no, spon-sa me - - - a, ve - ni, ve - ni_
ni de Li - ba - no, spon-sa me - - - a, ve - ni, ve - ni_
ba - no, ve - ni, ve - ni de Li - ba - no, ve - ni, ve - ni_

41

co - ro - na - be - ris; Vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - um, so -
ve - ni, ve - ni co - ro - na - be - ris. Vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - um, so - ror
ve - ni, co - ro - na - be - ris. Vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - um, co - ro - na - be - ris.

51

ror me - - - a, vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - - um
 — me - a, spon - sa, vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - - - um
 so - ror me - a, spon - - - sa, vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - - um
 Vul - ne - ra - sti cor me - - um in -

59

in u - no o - cu - lo - rumtu - o - rum, et in u - no cri - ne col - li
 in u - no o - cu - lo - rumtu - o - rum, et in u - no cri - ne col -
 in u - no o - cu - lo - rumtu - o - rum, et in u - no cri - ne col -
 — u - no o - cu - lo - rumtu - o - rum, et in u - no cri - ne col -

68

tu - i. Fa-vus di - stil - - - lans la - bi - a tu -
 li tu - i.
 li tu - i. Fa-vus di - stil - lans la - bi - a tu -
 li tu - i.

77

a, spon - sa, mel et lac
sub lin - gua tu
a, spon - sa, mel et [lac]
sub
Mel et lac
sub lin - gua tu
ve - sti-men-to

86

gua tu
a et o dor ve - sti-men-to
a tu a et o dor ve - sti-men-to-rum
lin gua tu
a et o dor ve - sti-men-to
rum tu o rum si cut od dor thu
tu o rum si cut o dor thu
to rum tu o rum si cut o dor thu
rum tu o rum si cut o dor thu

94

rum tu o rum si cut od dor thu
tu o rum si cut o dor thu
to rum tu o rum si cut o dor thu
rum tu o rum si cut o dor thu

102

- ris, si - cut o - dor thu - - - ris.
- ris, si - cut o - dor thu - - - ris.
- - ris, si - cut o - dor thu - - - ris.
- ris, si - cut o - dor thu - - - ris.

Canticum Canticorum cap. IV, 7–9, 11

- 7 Tota pulchra es, amica mea,
et macula non est in te.
8 Veni de Libano, sponsa mea,
veni de Libano, veni coronaberis.
9 Vulnerasti cor meum, soror mea, sponsa,
vulnerasti cor meum in uno oculorum tuorum,
et in uno crine colli tui.
11 Favus distillans labia tua, sponsa,
mel et lac sub lingua tua :
et odor vestimentorum tuorum sicut odor thuris.

Song of Songs 4:7–9, 11

You are wholly fair, my beloved,
and there is no flaw in you.
Come from Lebanon, my bride,
come from Lebanon, come and be crowned.
You have ravished my heart, my sister, my bride,
you have ravished my heart with one glance of your eyes,
and with one strand of your necklace.
Your lips drip with honeycomb, my bride,
honey and milk are beneath your tongue,
and the fragrance of your garments is like the fragrance of incense.

Editorial Note

Source: *Liber vndeclimus. xxvj. musicales habet modulos quatuor et quinque vocibus editos... Mense Martio. m.d.xxxxij.*
(Eleventh book which presents 26 motets in four and five voices... March 1534) published by Pierre Attaingnant.

Cue-sized accidentals placed before a note (e.g. m. 43) represent accidentals required by modern barline conventions but which were not necessary in the original notation.

mm. 48–49, CT. The notation of the time does not have a means of expressing the rhythm $\text{A} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{C} \cdot \text{D}$ but this is almost certainly what is intended.

mm. 80–82, T. Original text: *mel et favum*

m. 90, B. The word *et* is lacking in the source. It is certainly possible to sing the passage without it, but the rhythmic figure suggests that it should be present.

mm. 106–107, B. This figure is repetition of that in mm. 99–100 where the rhythm is: $\text{A} = \text{B} \cdot \text{C}$