

In convertendo Dominus

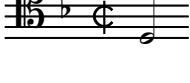
Edited by Jason Smart

Patrick Douglas (*fl.* mid 16th cent.)

Mean 

Countertenor 1 

Countertenor 2 

Tenor 

Bass 

Music score for the first section, showing five voices: Mean, Countertenor 1, Countertenor 2, Tenor, and Bass. The music is in common time, B-flat major. The lyrics are: In con - ver - ten - do Do - mi-nus. The bass part is silent throughout this section.

4

ca - pti - vi - ta tem Si - on, in -

- ver - ten - do Do - mi-nus ca - pti - vi - ta tem Si - on, ca - pti - vi -

[In con - ver - ten - do Do - mi - nus

In con - ver -

Music score for the second section, starting at measure 4. The voices are: Treble (soprano), Alto (mezzo-soprano), Tenor (baritone), Bass (bass), and Bass (double bass). The lyrics are: ca - pti - vi - ta tem Si - on, in - ver - ten - do Do - mi-nus ca - pti - vi - ta tem Si - on, ca - pti - vi - [In con - ver - ten - do Do - mi - nus]. The double bass part is silent throughout this section.

9

— con - ver - ten - - - do Do - mi - nus ca - pti - vi - ta - tem Si -
 - ta - tem Si - on, ca - pti - vi - ta - tem, ca - pti - vi -
 In con - ver - ten - do Do - mi - nus ca - pti - vi - ta - tem Si -
 ca - pti - vi - ta - tem Si - on, ca - pti - vi - ta - tem
 - ten - do Do - mi - nus ca - pti - vi - ta - tem Si - on, ca - pti - vi -

14

- on, fa - cti su - mus si - cut con - so - la - ti.
 - ta - tem Si - on, fa - cti su - mus si - cut con - so - la -
 - on, ca - pti - vi - ta - tem Si - on, fa -
 Si - on, fa - cti su - mus
 - ta - tem Si - on, fa - cti

19

Tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di - o os no -
 - ti, si - cut con - so - la -
 - cti su - mus si - cut con - so - la - ti.
 si - cut con - so - la - ti, si - cut con - so - la - ti.
 su - mus si - cut con - so - la - ti, fa - cti su - mus si - cut con - so -

24

strum, tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di - o os no - strum,
ti. Tunc re - ple - tum est gau -
Tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di - o os no - strum, tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di - o
Tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di - o os no - strum, tunc re -
la - ti. Tunc re - ple - tum est gau - di -

29

et lin - - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o -
di - o os no - strum, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul -
os no - strum, et lin - gua no -
ple - tum est gau - di - o os no - strum, et
- o os no - strum,

33

- ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne,
- ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti -
- stra, et lin - gua no - stra ex -
lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne,
et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o -

37

et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra,
et lin - gua no - stra, et lin - gua no - stra ex - ne, et lin - gua, et lin - gua

42

- sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et _____ lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, ex-sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, et lin - gua no - stra ex - sul - ne. Tunc di - cent

47

- ta - ti - o - ne. Tunc di - cent in - ter gen - tes:
ne. Tunc di - cent in - ter gen - tes:
- sul - ta - ti - o - ne.] Tunc di - cent in - ter gen - tes: Ma - gni - fi -
- ta - ti - o - ne. Tunc di - cent in - ter gen - tes:
in - ter gen - tes, tunc di - cent in - ter gen - tes: Ma -

52

Magnificavit Dominus facere cum eius,
magnificavit Dominus, magnificavit
magnificavit Dominus, magnificavit Dominus,
magnificavit Dominus,

56

magnificavit Dominus facere cum eius
magnificavit Dominus, magnificavit Dominus facere cum
magnificavit Dominus magnificare cum eius.
magnificavit Dominus facere cum eius.

60

is, magnificavit Dominus fac
magnificavit Dominus facere [cum eius.]
eius. magnificavit Dominus fac
magnificavit Dominus facere
is. magnificavit Dominus facere

64

- ce - re cum e - is. Ma - gni - fi - ca - vit Do - - - - -
 Ma - gni - fi - ca - vit Do - - - - mi - - - -
 - ce - re no - bis - cum, ma - gni - fi - ca - vit Do - mi - -
 no - bis - cum, ma - gni - fi - ca - vit Do - mi - -
 - re] no - bis - cum, Ma - gni - fi - ca - vit Do - mi - nus fa - ce -

68

- mi - - nus fa - ce - re no - bis - - - - - cum;
 - nus fa - ce - re no - bis - - - - -
 - nus fa - ce - re no - bis - - - - - cum, fa - ce -
 - nus, Do - mi - - nus, fa - ce - re no - bis - - -
 - re no - bis - - cum, fa - ce - re no - bis - -

72

fa - cti su - mus lae - tan - - - - tes,
 - - - - cum; fa - cti su - mus lae - tan - - -
 - re no - bis - - - - cum; fa - cti su - - - - mus, fa -
 - - - - cum, no - bis - - cum; fa - cti su -
 - - - - cum; fa -

76

lae - tan - - - tes.
- tes, fa - cti su - mus lae - tan - - tes.
- cti su - mus lae - tan - - tes.
- mus, fa - cti su - mus lae - tan - - tes, lae - tan - - tes.
- cti su - mus lae - tan - - - tes, lae - tan - - tes.

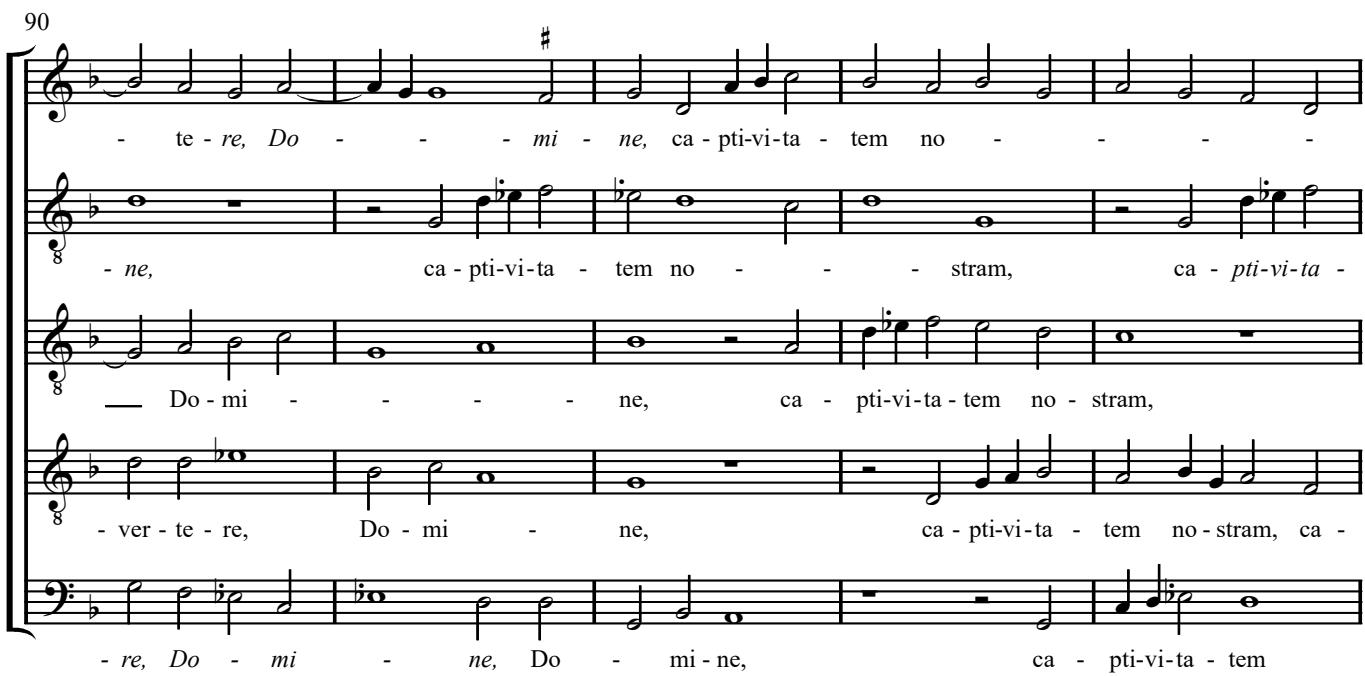
80

Con - ver - te - re, Do - - - - mi - ne, con - ver - te -
Con - ver - te - re, Do - - - - mi - ne, con - ver - te - re, Do -
Con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - - - - - - - -
Con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - - - - - - - - con -
Con - ver - te - re, Do - - - - mi - ne,

85

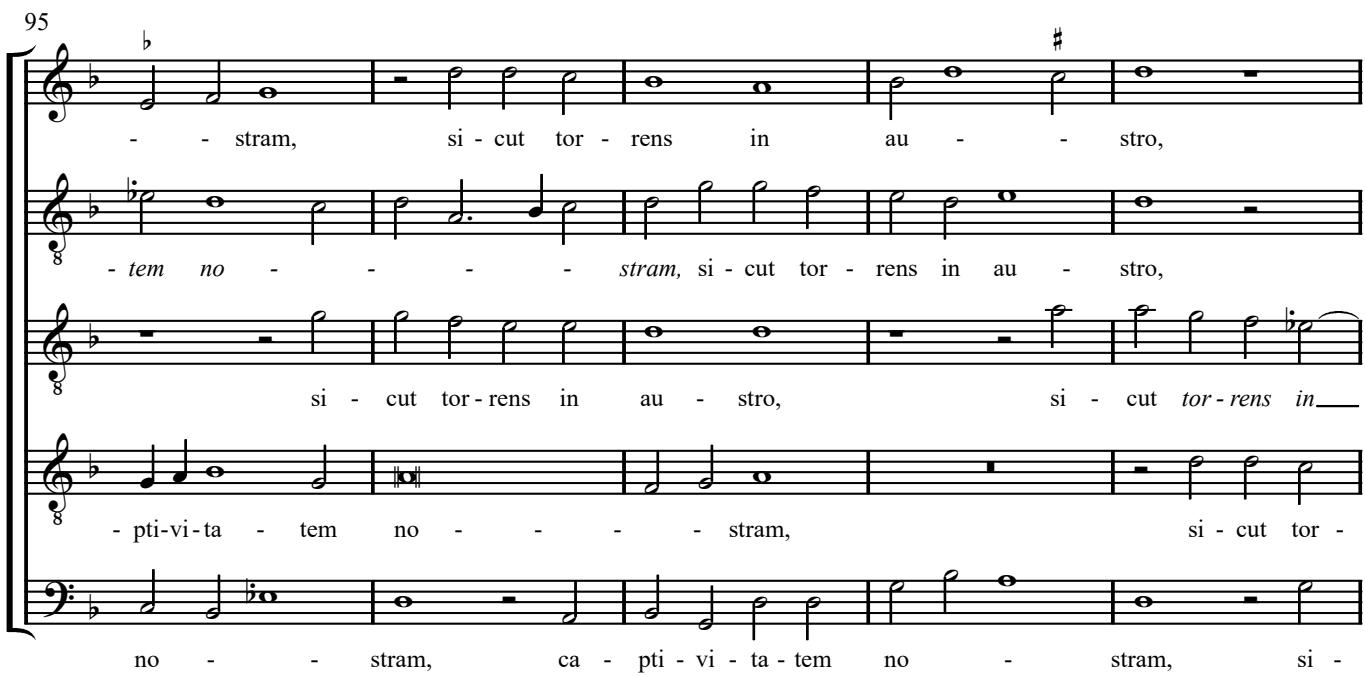
- re, Do - mi - ne, con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - - ne, con - ver -
- mi - ne, con - ver - te - re, Do - - - - mi -
- ne, con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - ne, con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - ne,
- ver - te - re, Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - - - - ne, con -
con - ver - te - re, Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - - - - ne, con - ver - te -

90



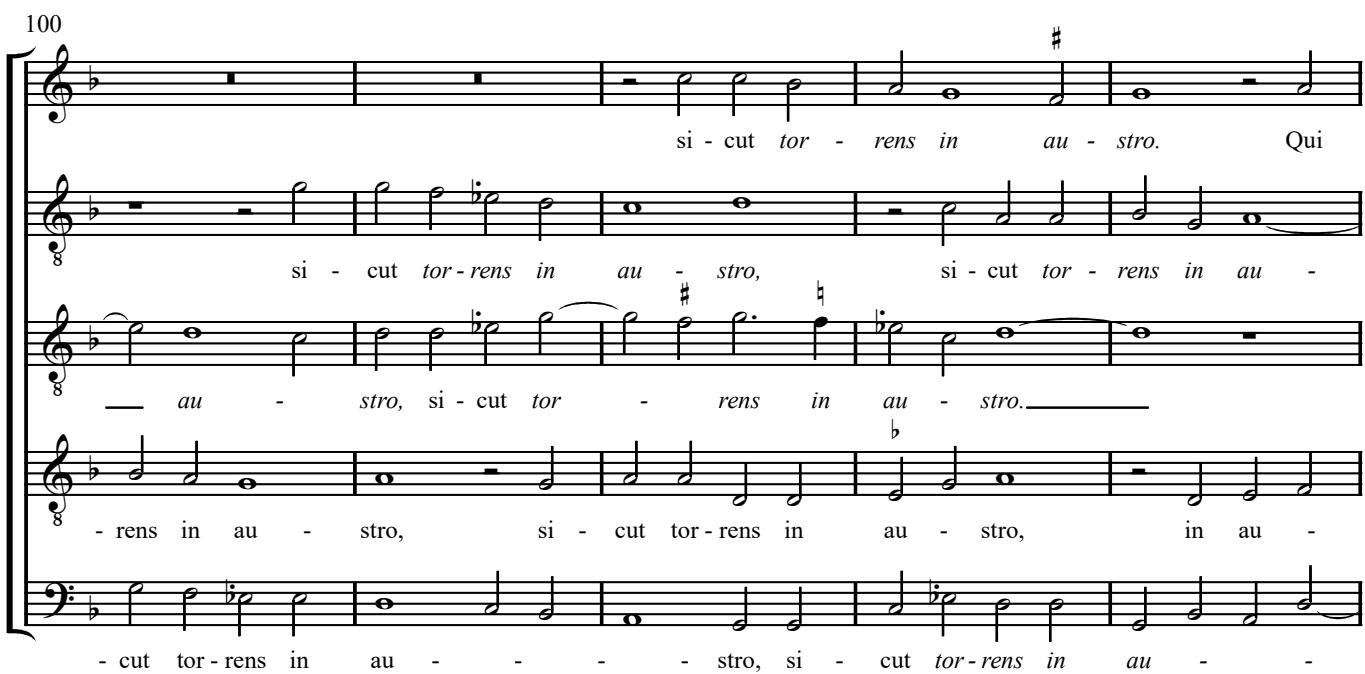
A musical score page featuring five staves of music. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is common time. The vocal parts are labeled with numbers 1 through 5 above the staves. The lyrics are written below the notes. Measure 90 starts with 'te - re, Do - - - mi - ne, ca - pti-vi-ta - tem no - - -' and continues with 'ne, ca - pti-vi-ta - tem no - - - stram, ca - pti-vi-ta -' followed by 'Do - mi - - - ne, ca - pti-vi-ta - tem no - stram,' and 'ver - te - re, Do - mi - - ne, ca - pti-vi-ta - tem no - stram, ca -'. The final line of the first section ends with 're, Do - mi - - ne, Do - mi - ne, ca - pti-vi-ta - tem'

95



A continuation of the musical score from page 1. The lyrics continue from the previous page: 'stram, si - cut tor - rens in au - - stro,' followed by 'tem no - - - stram, si - cut tor - rens in au - stro,' then 'si - cut tor - rens in au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in ___' (with a blank line), 'pti-vi-ta - tem no - - - stram, si - cut tor -' (with a blank line), 'no - - - stram, ca - pti - vi - ta - tem no - - stram, si - cut tor -' (with a blank line), and 'no - - - stram, ca - pti - vi - ta - tem no - - stram, si - cut tor -' (with a blank line).

100



A continuation of the musical score. The lyrics begin with 'si - cut tor - rens in au - stro. Qui' followed by 'si - cut tor - rens in au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - -' (with a blank line), 'au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - -' (with a blank line), 'au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - -' (with a blank line), and finally 'cut tor - rens in au - - stro, si - cut tor - rens in au - -' (with a blank line).

105

se - mi-nant in la - cri-mis, in la - cri-mis, in
 - - - stro. Qui se - mi - nant in la - cri - mis, in

Qui se - mi - nant in la - cri - mis, in la - cri - mis,
 - stro. Qui se - mi - nant in la - cri-mis, qui se - mi-nant in la -
 - - - stro. Qui se - mi-nant in la - cri-mis,

110

ex - sul-ta - ti - o - ne me - tent, in ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne
 la - cri - - mis, in ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne
 in ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, in ex - sul-ta - ti -
 - cri - - mis, in ex - sul - ta - ti - o - ne, in ex - sul-ta - ti -
 — in la - cri - mis, in ex - sul-ta - ti - o - ne me - -

115

— me - tent. E - un - tes i - bant et fle - bant, mit - ten - tes se-mi-na
 me - tent. E - un - tes i - bant et fle - bant, mit - ten - tes se-mi -
 - o - ne me - tent. E - un - tes i - bant et fle - -
 - o - ne me - tent. E - un - tes i - bant et fle - - bant,
 - - - tent._____ E - un - tes i - bant et fle - - bant,

120

su - - - - a. Ve - ni-en - tes au - tem ve - ni -

- na su - - - a. Ve - ni-en - tes au - tem ve - ni -

- - bant, mit - ten - tes se-mi-na su - - a. Ve -

mit - ten - tes se-mi - na su - - - a. Ve - ni-en - tes au - tem

mit - ten - tes se-mi-na su - - - a.

125

A musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The music consists of four staves, each with a different vocal range and a unique melodic line. The lyrics are in Latin and are repeated in each section of the score. The first section includes the lyrics "ent", "cum ex-sul-ta-ti-o-", "ent, ve-ni-ent", "cum ex-sul-ta-ti-", "ni-en-tes au-tem ve-ni-ent", and "ent". The second section includes "ve-ni-ent, ve-ni-en-tes au-tem ve-ni-ent" and "cum ex-sul-". The third section concludes with "Ve-ni-en-tes au-tem ve-ni-ent". The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

130

135

A musical score for five voices (SATB and basso continuo) in common time, G major. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, bass, and basso continuo (bassoon). The lyrics are in Spanish, with some words underlined for emphasis. The score includes five staves of music with corresponding lyrics.

Soprano:

- Line 1: - o - - - ne,
- Line 2: ex - sul - ta - ti - o - - ne, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -
- Line 3: - - - ne,
- Line 4: por - tan - tes ma -
- Line 5: - o - - - ne,

Alto:

- Line 1: - o - - - ne,
- Line 2: ex - sul - ta - ti - o - - ne, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu - los su - os,
- Line 3: - - - ne,
- Line 4: por - tan - tes ma -
- Line 5: - o - - - ne,

Tenor:

- Line 1: - o - - - ne,
- Line 2: ex - sul - ta - ti - o - - ne, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -
- Line 3: - - - ne,
- Line 4: por - tan - tes ma -
- Line 5: - o - - - ne,

Bass:

- Line 1: - o - - - ne,
- Line 2: ex - sul - ta - ti - o - - ne, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -
- Line 3: - - - ne,
- Line 4: por - tan - tes ma -
- Line 5: - o - - - ne,

Basso continuo (bassoon):

- Line 1: - o - - - ne,
- Line 2: ex - sul - ta - ti - o - - ne, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -
- Line 3: - - - ne,
- Line 4: por - tan - tes ma -
- Line 5: - o - - - ne,

140

A musical score for 'Los suenos' featuring five staves of music with lyrics in Spanish. The lyrics are as follows:

- los su - os, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu - los su -

8
— por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu - los su - os,

8
- ni - pu - los su - os, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -

por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu - los su - os, ma - ni - pu - los su -

su - os, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu - los, por - tan - tes ma - ni - pu -

145

A musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of four staves. The top staff is soprano, the second is alto, the third is tenor, and the bottom is bass. The lyrics are written below the vocal parts. The music includes various note values (eighth and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings like 'os.' (optional) and 'p' (piano). The vocal parts are mostly in common time, while the piano part has a 6/8 time signature.

os.

por - tan - tes ma - ni-pu - los su - os, ma - ni-pu-los su - os.
 - los su - os, por - tan - tes ma - ni-pu-los su - os.
 - os, ma - ni - pu - los su - - - os.]
 - los su - - - - os,

Translation

When the Lord turned again the captivity of Sion, then were we like unto them that dream.
Then was our mouth filled with laughter and our tongue with joy.
Then said they among the heathen: The Lord hath done great things for them.
Yea, the Lord hath done great things for us already, whereof we rejoice.
Turn our captivity, O Lord, as the rivers in the south.
They that sow in tears shall reap in joy.
He that now goeth on his way weeping, and beareth forth good seed, shall doubtless come again with joy, and bring his sheaves with him.

(*Psalm 125: Book of Common Prayer*)

Editorial Conventions

The nomenclature of the voice-parts follows the Tudor convention.
The original clef, staff signature, mensuration symbol and first note of each part are shown on the prefatory staves.
Editorial accidentals are placed above the notes concerned and remain operative throughout the bar. Accidentals not present individually in the source but implied by the original staff signatures are placed before the note and have a superscript dot. The accidentals shown in the score follow the readings of source **A** below. Note that some of the accidentals shown in the score as editorial or implied are confirmed by source **B** (see the notes below).
Spelling of the text has been modernised.
Text repetition signs in the underlay have been expanded editorially in italics.
Underlay between square brackets is entirely editorial.

Sources

A Oxford, Christ Church, Mus. 979–83 (c.1575–1581 with later additions; lacking T).

979	(M)	no.45	at end:	m ^r : douglas: priste:·
980	(Ct1)	no.45	at end:	m ^r : douglas: priste:·
981	(Ct2)	no.45	at end:	m ^r : douglas: priste: scott: borne:·
982	—	—		
983	(B)	no.45	index heading: M ^r Patrick Douglas [later hand] at end:	m ^r : patricke: douglas: priste: scott: borne:·

B London, British Library, Add. MS 31390 (c.1578; all voices in table book format; textless).

f.88 ^v	above Ct2:	Converteri domine quod duglas
f.89 ^v	above Ct2:	In convertendo quod duglas

C London, British Library, Add. MS 22597 (c.1585–90; T only, textless).

f.43	[no attribution]
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Notes on the Readings of the Sources

Source **A** provides the copy text for this edition, with the Tenor part taken principally from **B**. **A** and **B** agree well as far as the interpretation of accidentals is concerned, although the means by which these are communicated to the performer varies to some extent. Nevertheless, because of the partial staff signatures, there are places where remains uncertain whether Es are to be sung as flats or naturals. In the Ct1 at bar 54, and again in the Ct2 at bar 58, the first E must be raised editorially to E natural in order to avoid a diminished fifth with the A below, but the following two Es should perhaps be sung flat as implied by the original staff signature. The same considerations arise in bars 137–140. In bar 61 a case could be made for singing the Es as naturals.

A is the only source to contain underlay. **B** and **C** present the piece for textless performance. The variants transmitted by **B** and **C** mostly concern rhythm, with many repeated notes elided and long notes subdivided into smaller values. These variants are so numerous that sometimes it almost feels as though one is dealing with three different pieces. In addition, the quality of the music is at odds with the underlay in **A**, which is quite bizarrely inelegant. Was the piece originally an instrumental composition to which someone subsequently added words very ineptly? For example, in bars 24–27 it would have been a simple enough matter to text the point of imitation in Ct2, T and B consistently, while regularising the rhythms. It is also atypical that some phrases of text are not treated with imitation. Yet all three sources agree on the title *In convertendo* and, on the whole, the successive points of imitation do fit phrases of the psalm text. For better or worse the underlay in **A** has been accepted and editorial interventions have been kept to a minimum. One editorial intervention restores the obviously displaced Ct2 lead in the entries in bar 48.

At the beginning of the *secunda pars*, the Vulgate reads *Converte* against the motets's *Convertere*. Since the Vulgate fits the music better the underlay in **A** could be in error, but it appears corroborated by the title *Converteri* (sic) in **B**.

In the notes below, each reference to a bar or group of bars is separated by an oblique stroke. Within these references multiple readings in the same voice are separated by commas and readings in different voices by semicolons. The order within each entry is: 1) bar number; 2) voice; 3) reading of the source. For extended references subsequent bar numbers are in brackets. Pitches are in capital letters, preceded by a number where necessary, e.g. ²E = second note E in the bar. Note values are abbreviated in italics. The sign + denotes a tie and \gtrsim an underlay repetition sign.

Staff Signatures and Accidentals

- A 20 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat s for B and E begins with 2E ; B new line with staff signature \flat s for B and E begins with 1C (and thus to end) / 23 B \flat for B / 50 Ct1 \natural for E / 76 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat for B only begins with 2E / 80 Ct2 \flat for E at beginning of section / 91 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat s for B and E begins with A / 98 B \flat for B / 100 Ct2 \sharp for C / 121 Ct2 \natural for E before 1D (probably intended for 1E in 126, cf. **B**) / 126 B \flat for B / 131 Ct2 \flat implied only / 145 M no \sharp /
- B 1 M staff signature \flat for upper B only; Ct2 B staff signature \flat s for B and E / 9 B \flat implied only / 11 Ct2 \flat implied only; B E implied \flat / 17 Ct1 \flat for E / 19 B \flat implied only / 21 Ct1 \natural for E / 23 B sbB with \flat for mA mB / 24 Ct1 no \sharp / 27 Ct2 no \natural / 31 Ct1 \flat for E / 37 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat for B only begins with 1F , \natural for E implied only / 42 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat s for B and E begins with G / 43 Ct2 \flat implied only / 61 B \flat for E / 69 Ct1 \flat for E / 73 Ct2 \flat implied only / 79 M no \sharp / 94 Ct1 \flat for E / 98 B \flat for B / 119 M \flat for 1E / 126 Ct2 \natural for E; new line with staff signature \flat for B only begins with F; B \flat for B / 131 Ct2 \flat for E / 133 Ct2 E implied \natural / 134 Ct2 new line with staff signature \flat s for B and E begins with D / 139 Ct2 no \natural , E implied \flat / 144 Ct2 \flat for E /

Underlay and Ligatures

- A 10 M slur for AGF / 21–22 M *impletum* for *repletum* / 27 B *impletum* for *repletum* / 46–48 Ct2 *Tunc dicent inter gentes* below BACDDBD, (48–49) *Tunc dicent* γ one note later / 63 Ct1 *nobiscum* for *cum eis* / 63–64 B *nobiscum* for *facere* / 71 B *nobiscum* undivided below DCBC / 74–75 Ct2 *facti su-* below ABG / 75–79 Ct1 Ct2 *laetentes* for *laetantes* / 78 M -tes below B / 85 M slur for C^1B / 86–88 B *Domine* undivided / 87 M slur for 1DE (only) / 91–92 B *Domine* undivided below D+DCBC / 108–109 B *lacrimis* undivided below D+DCBC / 120 M -a below B /
- B 8–9 M ligature for A+AB / 11–12 B ligature for C^1D / 13 T ligature for GA / 16–18 Ct2 ligature for GCF+F / 29–30 B ligature for AD / 30 Ct2 ligature for DB / 33 Ct2 ligature for CD / 35–36 M ligature for sb sb / 38 T ligature for BA / 38–39 B ligature for DA / 40–41 Ct2 ligature for CD / 43 M ligature for AG / 45–46 T ligature for sb sb / 47–48 Ct1 T ligature for sb sb / 64 B ligature sbE sbD for EED / 67–68 M ligature for sb sb / 73 B ligature for AG / 77–78 B ligature for sbA sbD / 82–83 M ligature sbA sbG for *dot-mA crA sbG* / 84 B ligature sbE sbD for EED / 87–88 B ligature for sb sb / 91–92 T ligature for sb sb / 98–99 Ct1 ligature for sb sb / 100–101 T ligature for sb sb; B ligature sbE sbD for EED / 102 Ct1 ligature for sb sb / 108–109 Ct1 ligature for CF+F / 110 Ct1 ligature for CD / 113–114 B ligature for sbC sbD / 125 Ct1 ligature for GA / 128 B ligature for ED / 132 B ligature sbE sbD for EDD / 135–136 Ct2 ligature for CAG / 138–140 Ct1 D+DDC+C are ligature sbD+sbD sbC+sbC / 139–140 B ligature for AC /

Other Readings

- B 7–8 Ct1 $^2D^3D$ / 8 Ct1 $^2F^3F$ are *dot-mF crF* / 9 Ct1 *sbG* is *dot-mG crG* / 11 M *dot-sbG mG* for *sb dot-m cr* / 12 M AAA are *dot-sbA*; Ct1 AAA are *dot-sbA mA* / 13 M *sbB* for *mB mB* / 13–14 M *A+A* / 15 M *dot-sbA* for *sbA mA* / 16 Ct1 +sbD for +mD mD / 17–18 Ct1 *sbC+mC* for *mC mC+mC*; T *mA+sbA* for *mA+mA mA* / 18 B *dot-sbD* for *sbD mD* / 19 Ct2 +sbD for +mD mD / 19–20 T BAGGGB are *sbB dot-mG crF crG crA mB* / 21–22 Ct2 *bD+sbD* for *sbD sbD+sbD* / 22–23 M *A+A* / 23 B *sbB* with \flat for *mA mB* / 24 Ct2 *dot-sbA* for *sbA mA* / 24–25 Ct1 *sbD+sbD* / 26 Ct2 2D is *qC qD* / 27 M F is D; T D is corrected *m*; B *dot-sbD* for *mD sbD* / 28 Ct2 *crD crD* are *mD* / 29–30 Ct1 *sbA+sbA* for *mA mA sbA* / 32 M *dot-m cr* are *m m* / 32–33 M AAA are *mA mA+sbA* / 33 M *mG* for *crG crG*; Ct1 *mE* for *crE crE* / 33–34 Ct1 no tie / 37 M *dot-sbA* for *sb m* / 39 M *dot-mB crB* for *BBB* / 40 M *mA dot-sbA* for AAA; Ct1 *mE* for *crE crE* / 41 Ct1 *mD mD* for *sbD* / 44–45 M *mA+sbA* for *A+AA* / 45 Ct1 *mD* for *crD crD* / 46 Ct1 *sbE* for *mE mE* / 47 Ct2 *sbD* for *mD mD* / 49 M 2A is B / 49–50 M *sbB+mB* / 54 M *sbG* for *GGG* / 55 M *sbA* for *mA mA* / 58 M *mB* for *crB crB*; T *mA* for *crA crA*; B *mG* for *crG crG* / 58–59 Ct2 *D+D* / 64 M *sbG* for *mG mG* / 66 Ct1 *dot-sbC* for *sbC mC* / 67 B *mB* for *crB crB*, (68) B *sbA* for *mA mA* / 67–68 Ct2 *mE crD crD mD crC crC* are *crE crE mD+mD mC* / 68 M *mA* for *crA crA* / 68–69 T *sbD* for *mD mD* with ligature for DG / 69 Ct1 *mD* for $^1D^2D$ / 70 T *mA* for $^1A^2A$; B *mD* for *crD crD* / 71 Ct2 *mE* for *crE crE* / 73 T *sbC* for *mc mC* / 73–74 Ct2 *mD+sbD* for *mD+mD mD* / 74 Ct1 *D* is E / 75 M F is D / 77–78 Ct1 *mA+sbA* for $^1A^2A^3A$ / 78–79 T *dot-bD+bD* for *DDDD* / 80 M Ct1 Ct2 T B mensuration symbol restated / 82 B *sbD* for *m-rest mD* / 85 M *sbB* for *dot-mB crB*; Ct1 *sbE* for *dot-mE crE* / 86 M *mF* for *crF crF* / 91 Ct2 *sbA* is *mA mA* / 97 Ct2 *bD* for *sbD sbD* / 102 T *sbD* for *mD mD* / 103 B *sbD* for *mD mD* / 120 M *sbB* is *mB mB* / 127 T *mB* for *crB crB*; B *sbG mD* are *dot-mG crG mF* / 138 T C is D / 140–141 Ct2 *DDD* are *sbD+sbD* / 146–147 T $^2G^3G$ /

- C 1 T no mensuration symbol / 10 T AAA are *dot-sbA mA* / 13 T *sbG* is *mG mG* / 17–18 T *mA+sbA* for *mA+mA mA* / 19–20 T $^2G^3G$ are *mG+crG crG* / 27–28 T *sbD* is *mD mD*, E+E / 30 T *sbG* is *dot-mG crG* / 33 T $^1A^2AB$ are *sbA mB* / 37–38 T $^1A^2AB$ are *sbA mB mB* / 40–41 T $^1A^2AB$ are *sbA mB mB* / 45 T *sbB* is *mB mB* / 47 T *sbA* is *mA mA* /



57 T DD are *m m* / 58 T AAA are *mA mA* / 62 T *sbA* is *mA mA* / 66 T $^1G^2G$ are *m m* / 67 T *sbA* for *mA mA* / 70 T *mA* for $^1A^2A$ / 91 T *sbA* is *mA mA* / 92 T *b-rest* for *sbG sb-rest* / 94 T *mG* for *crB crG* (consecutive octaves with M) / 95 T *mG* for *crG crA* / 96 T *sbA mA mA* for *bA* / 100 T *mG mG* for *sbG* / 101 T *sb-rest* for *sbA* / 102 T *sbD* for *mD mD* / 107 T *mG mG* for *sbG* / 108–109 T AAA+AAA are *mA mF mA mA mA* / 110 T *sbF* is *mF mF* / 112 T *dot-mD crC* for *sbD* / 114 T *sbF* for $^1F^2F$ / 115 T *mG mG* for *sbG* / 121 T *mD mD* for *sbD* / 123 T *GG* are *m m* / 124 T BAGF are *m m dot-m cr* / 125 T *sbE* for *dot-mE crE* / 127 T *mB* for *crB crB* / 130 T *DDC* are *sbD mC mC* / 133–134 T no tie / 136 T *sbB* is *dot-mB crB* / 137 T $^2A^3A$ are *m m* / 140 T *sbB* is *dot-mB crB* / 141 T $^2A^3A$ are *m m* / 143 T *m-rest m-rest mD mA* for *m-rest mD sbA* / 145 T *sbA* is *mA mA* / 148 T *sbG* is *mG mC* (lower) /