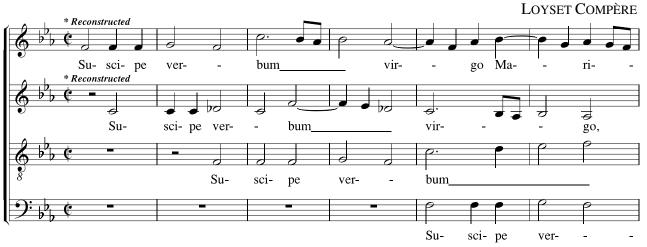
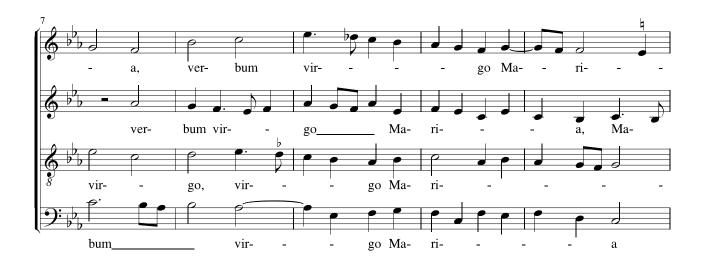
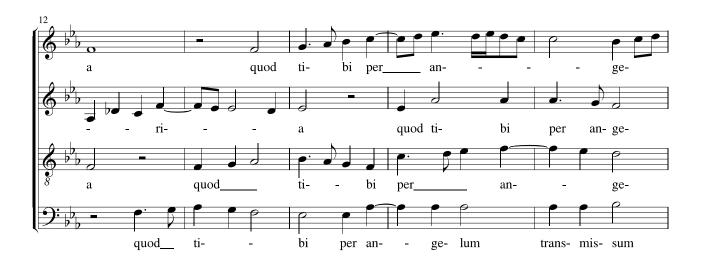


## Suscipe verbum virgo Maria

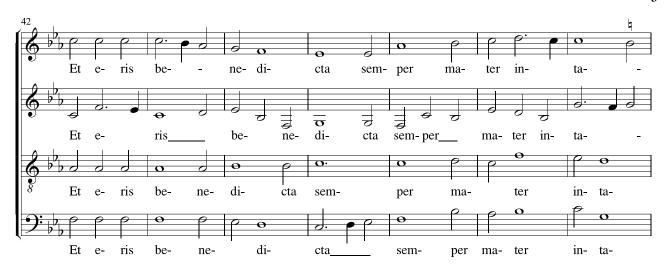


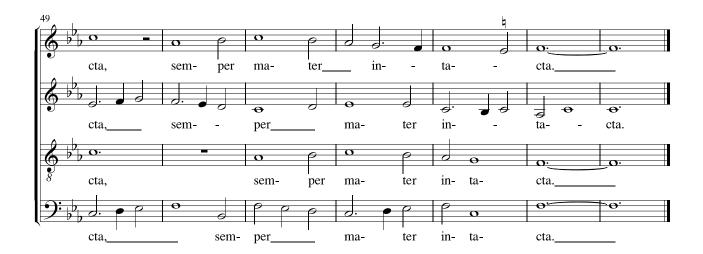




For notes and translation, see page 3.







## Sources:

MS 2267 (Librone 3), MS 2266 (Librone 4), Archivo della Veneranda Fabbrica del Duomo, Sezione Musicale, Milan Motetti A (Ottaviano Petrucci, Venice, 1502)

Note values halved. Transposed down a tone. The upper two voices have been editorially reconstructed.

Text: Based, in part, on a responsory for the 3rd Sunday in Advent, Suscipe verbum virgo Maria.

## Translation:

Virgin Mary, receive the word which has been delivered to you from the Lord by an angel. Pure blessed virgin, you will indeed bear a son, you will become pregnant without detriment to your virginity, and will always be an intact mother.

Lynn Halpern Ward (*The "Motetti Missales" Repertory Reconsidered*, Journal of the American Musicological Society, Vol. 39, No. 3 - Autumn 1986) has suggested that this piece may be part of a *motetti musicali* cycle: a Milanese practice of substituting the movements of a mass with motets. In most of its sources, it is grouped with other motets from this conjectural cycle. This motet appears in Librone 4, which was badly damaged in a fire while on display at the 1906 Espositzione Internationale in Milan; it follows *O admirabile commercium* and *Sanctus*. The beginnings of the upper two voices have been lost and here have been editorially constructed. In its other sources, it appears in a different form, starting with the words *O genetrix gloriosa*, and with different music music for the first part of the motet. In Petrucci's *Motetti A* (and a number of other sources), this is paired with *Ave virgo gloriosa*; in Librone 3, is not grouped with other motets, but follows settings of the *Gloria* and *Sanctus* (a different setting from that in Ward's cycle), and may have been intended for use with them. Whether or not all the components of Ward's proposed cycle were ever performed as a unit, it seems likely that they were used in the groupings in which they appear in the Libroni.